NATIONAL CAPITAL TOPICS.

INTERPRETING THE TARIFF ACT.

A RULING UPON THE MEANING OF SECTION SEVEN. WASHINGTON, Sept. 26 .- The Secretary of the Treasury has rendered an important decision with regard to the construction of Section 7 of the new Tariff Law, relating to packages and coverings of imported merchandise. He holds that the cost or value of the cutside covering, into which goods are finally put for land and ocean carriage, is not to be taken as a part of or in addition to the value of the goods, nor is the value of the goods to be considered as enhanced by reason of that outside covering about them. The cost to the manufacturer or wholesale foreign dealer of the boxes, cartons or other things which are put within or upon or about the goods by him as a part of his preparation of them for exposure to sale, is not to be inquired for as an arbitrary part of the market value, and that cost in exact amount added to an aircady ascertained market value of the goods as a part of the dutiable value thereof, value of the cost may be an element in the evidence of what is the value of the goods, and may so far be con-

what is the value of the goods, and may so far be considered.

The dutiable value of the goods is not to be the market value which they would have if they were offered for sale without that preparation of inner boxes, cartous or other like things. The dutiable value of the goods is the actual market value or wholesale price thereof, in the condition of finish and preparation for sale in which they are finally offered by the foreign merchants to negotiating customers, and for which they will and do sell them, though that value or price be enhanced because of of that finish or preparation, and though a part of the preparation consists in the placing in or upen or about the goods boxes, cartons, paper, cards, or other like things.

TEMPERANCE WORK IN WASHINGTON. FIGURES SHOWING THAT EARNEST LABOR IS NEEDED.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.] WASHINGTON, Sept. 26 .- The annual meeting of the Women's Christian Temperance Union of Washington began yesterday, and will close this evening. There are twenty-three local temperance scoleties under the festering care of this union, and from all of them encouraging reports were received. There are seventeen unions in the District of Columbia with a total membership of 519. Four new unions have been formed this year. One of the new unions have usen formed this year. One of the new unions is composed of soldiers, 150 in number; its membership has increased by seventy-dive in the last three months. Attached to the union are fifteen Bands of Hope, with a large membership, 1,301 children

having signed the pledge during the year. Temperance work has been done among the railroad employes, and will soon be begun at the Navy Yard. employes, and will soon be begun at the Navy Yard.
According to a statement prepared by the Chief of Poiles,
there are 447 licensed retail fluor dealers and 439
Heensed wholesale fluor dealers in Washington. These
fluores do not include that part of the District outside
the city limits of Washington and Georgetown.
According to the book of the Internal flevenmue Collector, 1,197 wholesale and retail fluor
dealers in the same territory pay internal revenue taxes,
showing that 311 secape the payment of the District
license tax.
According to these figures Washington offers a busy
field for the labors of the Women's Christian Temperance Union and other temperance organizations.

AN INTERESTING WOEK FORTHCOMING.

IBY PELEGRAPH TO THE PRISONE. WASHINGTON, Sept. 26 .- Mr. Nimmo, Chief of the Bureau of Statistics, has postponed the appearance of his report on internal commerce for a few weeks, in order to complete a chapter on the commercial, in-dustrial and transportation interests of the Pacific coast. He had collected a considerable amount of information in regard to the traffic of trans-continental railroads, which he had in-tended to incorporate in other chapters of his report, but the present interest in the subject led him to devote special attention to the Pacific coast, and he has been able to carry out this purpose through cordial co-opera-tion on the part of the secretaries and merchants of the chief commercial boiles of Fortiand, Orc., San Francisco, New-Oricaus and Minneapolis, and of the chief officers of the Southern, Central and Northern Pacific railroads. traffic of trans-continental railroads, which he had in-

INFORMATION REFUSED.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 26 .- Mr. Dumont, Supervising Inspector-General of Steam Vessels, has received an inquiry from New-York as to the number and names of vessels condemned at that port by the United States officials. He has replied that he cannot furnish the in-formation, as under the law vessels are only condemned conditionally, the officials removing the condemnation conditionally, the officials removing the condensation and issuing certificates to them as soon as the objection to their engaging in traffic has been removed. He says that to make public the fact of their condensation, when they would probably afterward receive certificates, would be a positive bijury to their owners and would not serve the public interests.

NAVAL INTELLIGENCE.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 26.-Passed Assistant Surgeon G. C. Lippincott has been ordered to the Naval Hospital at New-York; Naval Constructor Philip Highborn has been detailed as a member of the Board of Inspection and Survey; Civil Engineer J. C. McCollam has been ordered to temporary duty in the Bureau of detached from the Coast Survey and ordered to the Alert, October 20; Lieutonant Edward M. Hughes has been detached from the Godney, to take effect October 1, and placed on waiting orders; Lieutenaut F. W. Nichols has been detached from the Wabash and ordered to the Alert, October 10; the orders of Passed Assistant Sur-geon A. A. Austin to the Naval Hospital, New York, have been revoked, and be is placed on waiting orders. Mr. Muliett, of the special Navy Yard Commission, But Millett, of the Special Navy Law Communication gays that the Commission is opposed to the continuation of the Navy Yard at League Island in its present unflushed condition, but would favor its continuation, provided the original plan were carried out so that it might be made available for the construction of vessels and the manufacture of heavy iron and steel works.

ARMY ORDERS.

Washington, Sept. 26 .- The general courts martial recently convened at Davids Island, New-York Harbor, Columbus barracks, Ohio, and Jefferson barracks, M.L., have been dissolved. The leave of absence of Second Lieutenant Charles E. Garst, 15th Infantry. has been extended to January 10, 1884, and his resignation has been accepted to take effect on that day. leave of absence granted Captain Lyster M. O'Brien, 17th Infantry, July 16, 1883, has been extended two months. Second Lieutenant silas A. Wolf, 4th Infantry, has been detailed for instruction at the Second of Application for Infantry and Cavalry at Fort Leavenworth.

WASHINGTON NOTES.

WASHINGTON, Wednesday, Sept. 26, 1883. RESP. CTING THE STANDARD OF EYESIGHT. -Surgeon-General Wales, of the Navy, has recommended that the standard of eyesigut at the Naval Academy be fixed at eleven-twentietas. The standard has varied in the past, but was never so high as it is now proposed to make it. EXPORTS OF PROVISIONS, TALLOW, ETC.-The total

Values of the exports of domestic provisions, tellow and dairy products for the month and the eight months ended August 31, were: 1853, \$12,060,061; 1852, \$0,297,317; total values for eight months ended August 31, 1883, \$77,457,670; 1882, \$05,922,185. To BECOME PRESIDENTIAL POST OFFICES. - The post-

Practice of the following offices will become subject to Precioutal appendment on October I, with the salaries mained: Brick Church, Essex County, N. J., \$1,500; Monava, Rerkimer County, N. Y., \$1,000; Northport, Suffok County, N. Y., \$1,400; Spring vite, Eric County, N. Y., \$1,300.

THE FIGHT AGAINST LOTTERIES.-The postmissier at New-Origans has informed the Post Office Department that in pursuance of instructions he has conferred with the United States District Attorney on the subject of the injunction obtained against him by the New-Origans National Bank, and that the latter will take immediate teps to have the case transferred from the State to the

A RICH DISPLAY IN SIXTH AFENUE.

H. O'Neill & Co.'s fall opening, which began yesterday, has drawn crowds to their rooms, Nos. 321 to 329 Sixth-ave. They have recently increased their facinties for the display of goods, and they show some elegant novelties in imported millinery, suits and upholstery. In imported suits there is shown a handsome brown suit of French cashmere, with underskirt of knife-plaiting of satin, and side panels of polka-dot velvet, all in the same color, with fancy pointed bodice, made by Worth. There is a handsome costume in hunter's green, ofdotted velvet, with underskirt of the same and overskirt of cashmere, nandsomely draped at the back, with side panels in fancy shape, and ornaments in jets of the same polor. A suit of the firm's own make is of embossed velvet, of black mahogany, with the overskirt a coro-

and mahogany, with the overskirt a corebination of satin and embroidered volvet,
and the basque of embroidered vevt, with ball trimming or manegary and black. In cleaks there is one
of materasse, with long, pointed sleeves, richly trimmed
with black sable, worth \$7.2; and another of medium
length, of smbossed velvet elegantly trimmed with
chendlie, for a matine continue.

There is a noticevole collection of imported hats and
bonnets, among them the following: A gream
theat velvet bonnet, with bird of Faradistrimming; an oflive feather bonnet with a shaded bird
and steel ornaments; anothers of drab color, with small
birds and two long plances, all in the same color, and
one of white embossed velvet, with an entirely new imported, lace of satin and velvet and steel ornaments,
casary and wiste signettes. For a brunette there is a
medium poke bounet of cardinal pluss and velvet, with
gift begred crown and parequets heads. A taking novelty is a bonnet with velvet embossed steel crown, puffings of velvet for the front, and with state-colored taps. for so velvet for the front, and with state-colored tops.

The upholsiery department now occupies the entire third floor. The goods are in all varieties, and for all purposes of interior furnishing. QuaintEastern portibres curtains and coverings are sold by the piece or sector yard. There are rich jute velours curtains at \$75 bpair; Turcomans at \$25 to \$100, and Madras curtains

The sector yard there movement in the barometer yesterday was upward. Clear weather prevailed. The temperature ranged between 45° and 50°, the average (53°4°) being 54°2° lower than on the laborers. About 100 men are out on both buildings.

of all patterns and colors, from \$4.98 to \$20 a pair.

Nottingham lace curtains are sold at \$1, up; portions of
raw silk, by the yard, from \$1 to \$6; figured satin for
curtains in all shades; plain furniture satin, from \$2 to
\$3.50 a yard, and jute velours by the yard, from \$6.50 to
\$10. There are some dainty patterns in silk brocade
and velvet upholsterings.

MR. MAPLESON AND HIS PROSPECTUS.

WHAT WAS SAID ABOUT THEM YESTERDAY-SOME-

THING THAT CAN'T BE EXPLAINED. Mr. Mapleson's prospectus was the subect of much talk in musical circles yes. A TRIBUNE reporter saw as many directors of the Academy of Music as are in town, and asked them their opinion of the prospectus and the season's prospects generally. There was an apparent agreement of opinion on two points, one of which was that they did not want their names mentioned in connection with the matter, and the other that their private feelings toward Mr. Mapleson were not favorable to him. One of the oldest and most influential said:

"The prospectus is a good one if its promises are fulfiled, but who can rely upon it that they will! I myself am no believer at all in either Mr. Mapleson or his word. Not that I would actively take part against him, though he has often suid that such was the case. I am au 'old Opera House' man heart and soul, and have been so ever since its home has been on Eighth-st., but at the same time I cannot help comparing Mr. Abbey's course with that of Mapleson, and not very favorably to the latter."

time I cannot help comparing Mr. Abbey's course with that of Mapleson, and not very favorably to the latter."

"Do you think he really intends to come!"

"Oh yes, I think so."

"It is said, though, that it will cost him from \$80,000 to \$100,000 to pay the guarantee to Patti and Gerster, and get his company over here!"

"That may be, but Mapleson is quite clever enough to arrange that in some way, for his credit is good and lots of people believe in him. One thing is certain, and that is, that it is his company and not he that we want, only, unfortunately he is a necessary part of the company.

Join Hoey, one of the original stockholders and a director, said that though he now took little interest in operatic affairs, he thought the prospectus, if carried out would prove an admirable one.

Herman Le Roy said that though he had received several letters from Mr. Mapleson he could not tell at what date the manager might be expected to arrive, but he supposed as there is only about a month to spars before the opening of the season, that he would be here before long.

It is said by Charles Mapleson that his tather intends to sail on October 4 by the City of Berlin.

Attention was drawn to the fact that Mr. Parry's name appears as assistant stage manager, though, as stated in The Tribune on Tuesday, he arrived on Saturday to proceed to work at the new Metropolitan Opeia House. In addition to this Signor Dei Puente and Madame Lablache have already been announced as belonging to Mr. Abbey's company. Nr. Abbey being in Boston, his manager, Mr. Tilotson, was asked how this was to be explained.

"It can't be done," answered he. "There's no explanation to give. I can only say that Del Paente and Mime. Lablache will positively sing at the new Metropolitan Opera House next season. They both have contracts with Mr. Abbey, and if Mapleson wants to agat it in the courts, let him try. I don't believe Lablache ever dream to joining his company. Del Puente leaves the same place on September 199 to John our conpany. As to Parry be t

NOTES FROM NEWPORT.

THE PRESIDENT ENTERTAINED - CLOSING THE CASINO-LATE ARRIVALS.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.] NEWFORT, Sept. 26 .- President Arthur, in company with Miss French, daughter of Seth French, of New-York, visited the Channing Memorial Church today. While he was in the church the chimes were

rung. He was entertained at dinner to-night by George Peabody Wetmore. About fifty guests were present. The President was invited to visit the public schools when he first arrived here, but up to to-night he had not answered the letter of invitation which had been sent to him by the Superintendent of Schools.

Among those who entertained to-day were Dr. Edward L. Cuntingham, G. A. Robbins, William Post and Mrs. Lispenard Stewart.
The schooner yachts Wanderer, Gitana and Sea Witch

are in the harbor.

Orders have been given to close the Casino grounds on and after Monday next, one month earlier than is pre-acribed by the by-laws. Joseph G. Stevens, of New-York, has been proposed as a stockholder of the Conacribed by the by-laws. Joseph G. Stevens, of New-York, has been proposed as a stocknidder of the Cosmo. Harper Pennington, E. H. Chirk, George W. Sheldon, J. E. Parsons and Julian T. Davies, of New-York; H. Brown and wife, of Los Angeles, Cal; Mrs. A. J. Brown, of Washington; the Kev. H. H. and Mrs. Waiter, of New-Orleans, and Rabert Shoemaker, Ir., of Philadelphia, are among the late arrivale.

A WEDDING YESTERDAY.

A wedding occurred yesterday at 3 p. m. at Grace Church, Miss Mary Potter, daughter of Orlando B. Potter, being united to Walter Geer, of Chicago. About 2,000 invitations were issued. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Dr. Heary C. Potter. The best man was Danforth the brother of the groom, of Hoosick Falls. The ushers were Frederick Fotter, Olin W. Geer, N. L. Matz and W. F. Gay. The bridesmaids were Miss Martha Potter, Miss Blanche Potter and Miss Cora Wiley. The bride were a heavy white satin, trimmed with point lace, the neck filled in with talle and fastened with a diamond brooch, the gift of the groom. The veil was of point lace, fastened at the side with a pin in the shape of a clover-lead set with diamonds. There was a quiet reception at the house, No. 26 Lafayette quiet reception at the house. No. 26 Lafayetteplace, confined to the bridal party and the
families. Among those present at the church
were Mr. 200 Mrs. A. C. Geer, Dr. and Mrs. S. I. Prime,
Judge and Mrs. MacArthur of Washington, D. C., Mr.
and Mrs. Cyrus W. Field, Mr. and Mrs. Randolph Townsend, Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Davison, Mr. and Mrs. James
Fargo, Mrs. J. C. Ayer, Mrs. Ayer, Mrs. Southworth,
Mrs. E. H. Vulentine of Calcago, Dr. Basil Norris of
Washington, Mrs. and Mrs. William H. Webb, Dr. J. W.
S. Norris, O. J. Norris, Mrs. Blackstone, the Misses Freeman, the Misses Demning, the Rev. and Mrs. A. B. Jennings, the Misses Potter, Mr. and Mrs. Josepa White of
Williamstown, Mass., Miss Helen Hart and Miss Hubbara. The bride and grodin will make a trip South and
will live in Chicago. will live to Chicago.

THE FAT WOMAN MARRIED.

Blanche Gray, weighing 517 pounds, was married last night at the New-York Museum to David Moses, the youth of eighteen, who chuckled at his good fortune, for Bianche's income is \$25 a week and his own \$5. The Rev. Charles Er Berger conducted the core-mony. A basket of flowers from Grace Courtiand to the bride held the suggestive inscription: "May your shadow never grow less." The bride and her groom drove away amid the roar of a multitude which had gathered to do honor to them. Earlier in the evening Mr. Moses, David's father, had called at Police Headquarters and asked Cuptain Williams to provent his son from being married, but the Captain refused to interfere in such a delicate dispute.

DISORDERLY WOMEN ARRESTED.

Captain Brogan and a squad of men iast night, arresting filteen women in Nos. 15, 27 and 33.

MIDNIGHT WEATHER REPORT.

GOVERNMENT INDICATIONS. Synopsis for the past twenty four hours.

Washington, Sept 27-1 a.m.-Clear weather prevails in all districts, with south to west winds, ex-cept in the Southere States east of the Mississippi and north to east. The temperature has fallen slightly in New-England and the Middle States and in the Southera States south of the Ohio Vailey. It has risen slightly n the Lake region, the Northwest and Southwest.

full factors for to tay.

For New-England and the Middle Atlantic States, digatly warmer, fair weather, southerly to western eligatly warmer, fair weather, southerly to westerly winds, lower barometer.

For the Lower Lake region, warmer, fair weather, southerly to westerly winds, lower barometer.

For the Upper Lake region, partly cloudy weather and local rains in northern portion; southwesterly winds, shifting to west and northwest, followed in the northern portion by eacher weather and rising barometer.

For the Upper Mississipp and Missouri Vaileys, generally fair weather, winds shifting to west and north, and during the night lower temperature, and rising barometer.

Indications for to-morrow. Slightly warmer, fair weather is indicated for the Mid-die and Southern States on Thursday and Friday.

HO1, RS: Morning. 12845878910121284	Night. 1 5 5 7 8 9 10 11
	*
	1-14-1-1-1

corresponding day last year and 74° lower than on Tuesday. Slightly warmer clear or fair weather may be expected to-day in this city and vicinity.

FIRE AND LOSS OF LIFE ON A STEAMER.

Boston, Sept. 26.-The refrigerator in process of construction in the hold of the steamer Cephalonia took fire to-day while workmen were engaged in coating it over with shellac. The hold instantly filled with dense smoke from the burning felt, and George Pierce, carpenter. was suffocated. District Engineer Dunbar and seven members of the fire department were taken from the hold in an unconscious condition. Dunbar is delirious to-night and is in a critical condition. The others will recover. Loss \$5,000.

THE FIRE RECORD.

VALUABLE STABLES DESTROYED.

Flames were discovered issuing from the carriage house and stables which were creeted by the late Simeon Leland at New-Rochelle, on Tuesday afternoon. The fire department responded promptly to the alarm, but the buildings were reduced to ruins. Between 8 and 9 o'clock p. m. the firemen were again called out to complete their work. The Leiand catate some time ago became the property of the Manhattan Life Insurance Company. The loss by the fire is estimated at over \$10,000, partly insured. The fire is supposed to have been started by two young men who had been gunning near by.

A GRAIN ELEVATOR BURNED. BUFFALO, Sept. 26 .- A fire this morning destroyed the Sternberg elevator. The original cost was \$100,000, and the grain contained in it was valued at \$102,000. The total loss, however, is estimated at \$175,000.

LOSSES IN VARIOUS PLACES. GALVESTON, Sept. 26 .- A dispatch from Dallas, Tex., says that a fire last night damaged property to the extent of \$16,000; insurance, \$6,000. FAIRFIELD, Me., Sept. 26.—A fire which originated in Allen & Totman's hardware store this morning burned out several firms, causing a loss of \$24,000; partially

FROST IN THE WEST.

Keokuk, Iowa, Sept. 26 .- There was a light frost last night, but no damage of a serious nature was SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Sept. 26 .- Frost prevailed through-

out this section last night. Corn in low places suffered to damage, as most of the crop is out of danger from CHICAGO, Sept. 26 .- A dispatch to The Journal from Lincoln, Neb., says: "A light frost fell here last night. It was the first frost of the season and so

far as can be learned was general through-out the state. The damage to corn is believed to be light as the crop is pretty well matured. Milwatker, Sept. 26.—A dispatch from Janesville, Wis., says: "Rock County was visited by a severe frost last night and the vezetables and ail standing grain were severely damaged."

DEATH OF COLONEL GEORGE KNAPP.

St. Louis, Sept. 26.-A telegraphic message received here to-night announced the death of Colonel George Knapp, proprietor of The Missouri Republi-can. He left St. Louis two mouths ago for the Kissingen Springs in Bavaria, Germany, and on September 15, he took passage for home. He died at

sea three days later.
Colonel Knapp came originally from Montgomery Orange County, N.Y. On September 25, 1814, when he was twelve years of age, he entered the employ of The Republican, and eleven years later he became part owner, since then he has been the head of the paper. His real estate is estimated at \$1.000,000.

IMPORTANT PAPERS MISSING. IBT TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.]

NEW-BRUNSWICK, N. J., Sept. 26 .- A dispatch received at New-Branswick to-day from Toronto. Can, states that after the preliminary hearing yesterday on the writ of habeas corpus in the extradition case of Levi D. Joerard, the defaulting collector of Middlesex County, important papers in the case were found to be missing. These papers were a part of the court records and are necessary to the further conduct of the case. An adjournment was had until Friday to give time for the booking up of the missing documents. It is freely conraced that there is something crooked about the loss of the papers.

NATIONAL WOOL GROWERS ASSOCIATION.

CHICAGO, Sept. 26.-The National Wool Growers' Association met here this morning. The Hon. Columbus Delano, of Onio, the candidate of the Convention which met yesterday and expressed its objections to the course of the old officers of the association relative to the tariff legislation on wool, was elected president, but a heated discussion ensued upon ation of W. Markham, of New-York, as secre dation for the reflections cast upon his moafter being elected by acclamation, refused to accept after being elected by accommands, removed to such the office. Albert Chapman, of Vermont, was chosen treasurer; J. H. Ecall, of West Virginia, was chosen treasurer; J. P. Ray, New-York; A. Symmes, lexus; and C. Bronson, of Kansas, were chosen as the executive committee. Resolutions were passed as the sense of the association that tariff rates on imported woods, should, at the earnest opportunity, he restored to what they were before the late reduction.

THE PASSENGER RATE WAR.

CHICAGO, Sept. 26 .- The situation in the passenger rate war from Chicago to the Ohio River and intermediate points remains practically unchanged. The Louisville, New-Albany and Chicago road did not meet the Pan Handle cut to competing points, and it is understood that it does not contemplate doing so. The only point at which the Kankakee Line is affected by this cut is to Lafayette, ind., and no effort is being made to meet it. The Chicago and Eastern Illinois made to meet it. The Chicago and Eastern Hilliobs road continues its might train to indianapolis with the fare at 5 cents, but it requires every purchaser of a 5-cent ticket to purchase a sleeping-car berth at \$2. It and unders that it will put on a morning train to-morrow and meet the \$1 Indianapolis

SHAW & BROTHERS CHARGED WITH FRAUD.

PORTLAND, Me., Sept. 26 .- A suit in equity has been brought by Richardson & Dennie, of Boston, against F. Shaw & Brothers and their assignce and mortgagee in Maine. It is alleged that the Snaws obtained from the complainants, prior to their failure, hides worth \$28,000 by means of false and fraudulent statements as to the pecuniary condition and mixed with a large mass of other hides to dearroy the means of identification; and that when an action of repievin was begun the hides were scoreted and with-heid by the Shaws. The Junige Issued an injunction re-scraning the removal or sale of the hides pending the suit.

INDIANS READY TO FIGHT.

MINNEAPOLIS, Sept. 26. -The Tribune's dispaten from Devil's Lake, Dak., says: "A band of Chippewa Inchaus, under Culef Little Shell, living eight miles from St. John, Turile Mountains, yesterday informed Mr. Fessenden, Surveyor-General of Daketa, that they would not permit the Government survey to be presecuted nor a low the reservation to be reduced, as recently considered by the Government. The band and visiting Indians, 400 in number, threatened to attack the survey party of wenty men under coarge of John McMillan. The settlement consists of Indianceds and Franca-Canadians, who mostly sympathize with the Indians. Promole is feared."

NEBRASKA REPUBLICAN CONVENTION.

LINCOLN, Neb., Sept. 26 .- The Republican State Convention met to-day. Church Howe was elected appointed and the convention proceeded at once to ballot for a candidate for supreme Judge. A spirited costest followed and at midnight no nomination had been made. president by acclamation. The usual committees were

MT. HERMAN BOYS' SCHOOL

Springfield, Mass., Sept. 26.-D. L. Moody and his trustees, with some invited guests, dedicated the flue brick and stone buildings connected with his Ma. Herman Boys' School, is the town of Gill, yesterday. The buildings cost \$29,000, and they command one of the finest views in the Connecticut River Valley. RENOMINATED FOR THE ASSEMBLY.

AUBURN, N. Y., Sept. 26 .- William Howland was renominated for the Assembly by the Ha District Republicans.

WORKMEN ON A STRIKE. The Executive Council of the building trades met last night at No. 192 Third-ave. It was reported NEWSDEALERS AROUSED.

PROFITS TOO SMALL FOR THEM TO LIVE. EAST-SIDE DEALERS TO ADVANCE THE PRICE OF THE TIMES AND HERALD.

A meeting of East-side newsdealers was held last night at No. 385 Bowery. John A. Murphy, in calling the meeting to order, said that the object was to take action in regard to the reduction in the price of the daily papers and a consequent curtailment of the profits of the newsdealers. He considered the reduction a rank injustice to the newsdealers, and did not believe that they should allow it to pass without a decided protest at least. It would be impossible for the papers to hire men to do the work which the newsmen did for the commission that they were allowed. Inasmuch as they bought tacir papers and paid for them, they should be allowed to charge what they pleased for them. The meeting proceeded to effect a permanent organization by the election of the following officers: John A. Murphy, president; Bernard J. Byrns, vice-president; John J. Brown and William J. Speckman, secretaries, and Thomas F. Martin, treasurer. On the motion of John H. Dillon, a committee of five, consisting of John H. Dillon, William H. Meyer, William J. Speckman, William J. O'Connor and George B. Banker, was appointed to draw up a set of resolutions for the guidance of the association. They reported the following resolutions, which were carried unanimously:

We, the undersigned, East-side newsdealers, being

We, the undersigned, East-side newsdealers, being compelled, in justice to ourselves, to meet in a body at the hall, No. 385 Bowery, this Wednesday evening, September 26, to earnostly protest against the sweeping reductions made in our profits the sweeping reduced in a sesociation for mutual protection and to establish a sensitive of prices at which we can handle the said dalies allowing us a fair profit. Whereas, The New York Times having reduced its price to two cents per copy, and in consequence our profits to one-half of one cent; and.

Whereas, The New York Times, also reduced its price to two cents, allowing us a profit of one-third of one cent; and Whereas, the small brofit will not allow us to make a fair and reasonable living, and being in danger of awing our profits still further reduced by non-paying subscribers, as we have to trust for from one week to one month; Be it hereby Resolved, That we will not slell The New-York Herald from our stands or stores for less than 20 cents a week, including Sunday; and be it Resolved, That we will not serve The New York Times for less than 18 cents a week at the residences of our patrons for less than 18 cents a week at the residences of our patrons for less than 18 cents a week at the residences of our patrons for less than 18 cents a week at the residences of our patrons for less than 18 cents a week at the residences of our patrons for less than 18 cents a week at the residences of our patrons for less than 18 cents a week at the residences of our patrons for less than 18 cents a week at the residences of our patrons for less than 18 cents a week at the residences of our patrons for less than 18 cents a week at the residences of our patrons for less than 18 cents a week at the residences of our patrons for less than 18 cents and beit Resolved,

evening, to take action on their griev, nees resulting from the recent reduction of the price of newspapers. The the recent reduction of the price of newspapers. It is of as good quality as at most harmony prevalled, and the resolutions adopted were passed unanimously. M. S. Griffing was chosen chairman; Joseph Murphy, secretary; and Robert Grant, treasurer. Mr. Griffing stated that the object of the meeting was to consider the saie of The Herald, and to not upon other questions relative to the welfare of the dealers. He thought that The Herald should be sold by The Though while receive just \$375 less than before. dealers at 3 cents daily, or 85 cents monthly. At this point there were cries of "No, not 90 cents!" The question of the monthly rates could not be determined, however, Mr. Griffing continued, until the price of the Sunday edition were known. As for the daily price, it would be better for the dealers to sell the paper at 3

stands to-day and look out for violations of the agree-ment.

A committee of five, with power to act in effecting a permanent organization of the dealers, was appointed, and instructed to draw up a statement of giverances and publish it in all the daily papers. The committee consists of Wobert Graut, Daniel Sullivan, Joseph Murphly, S. E. England and Alexander Bijotat.

It was announced that the Manhattan News Company would sell the Herald for 3 cents, on the clevated roads, and the announcement was received with cheers. Mr. Clarkin then said that it was "just and proper" that a vote of thanks should be given the publisher of The Trimune for the liberal discount allowed the dealers in their profit of I cent a copy. A motion accordingly was passed unanimously. It was then voted that the dealers should stamp the Heralds sold by them "threefecuts" a copy. Another meeting of the newsdealers will be held to-morrow night.

THE NEWSDEALERS UP IN ARMS.

"LIVE AND LET LIVE." THE ORDER FOR THE TRIBUNE TREBLED.

To the Editor of The Tribune. SIR: For the past fifteen years I have handled your paper and have been satisfied with the profit and your square dealing with newscleaters, and this last reduction is worthy of notice. The Times acted meanly in this matter. One of the results of the reduction of your

paper to three cents has been to trable the order from my stand, which circulates papers among Washington Square people to a large extent. The reduction in price of The Sunday Thounes is a good thing also, and will, I think, in my locality help to increase its circulation greatly, because the people want and reading as the Sunday edition contains. Yours truly, H. McC., Cor. of South Fitth—ave. and West Third-st. New York, Sept. 24, 1883.

EAST SIDE DEALERS INDIGNANT. To the Editor of The Tribune

SIR: The newsdealers of the East Side, a najority of whom receive the daily and weekly papers at tranch No. 1, American News Company, corner of Four. teenth-st. and Third-ave., respectfully request you to send this evening at 8 o'clock a reporter to their indignation meeting, to be held at '385 Bowery. We appreclate the action of THE TRIBUNE in the late reductions. Your motto is the grand oldery of " Live and Let Live;" but The Heraid is, like its proprietor, a would-be distator but The Herald is, like its proprietor, a would-be dictator and monopolist, the latter especially in regard to the price of The Herald. This morning, I will assure you there was but one dealer between Houston and Twenty-third sits, on Third-ave, that sold The Herald for two cents; and he will not do it to-morrow. Your paper we have made it a point to give a fair show to. We cut The Times and increased the sale of The Tribuss. We remain yours, &c.,

LAST SIDE NEWSDEALERS' ASSOCIATION.

JOHN A. MERPHY, corner SIXth-St. and Taigle-ave.

JOHN A. MURPHY, corner Sixth-st. New York, Sept. 26, 1883.

NEWSDEALERS WILL NOT WORK FOR NOTHING. To the Editor of The Tribune.

Sir: It is impossible for me or any other newsdealer to make anything selling The Times, and I see this morning that The Herald has reduced itself to 2 cents also. It is all very well for these two large and uch newspapers to reduce themselves to the public; but the poor newsdealer must be allowed a fair profit for his daily totl. I am striving to get up a newsdealers' association, and then we will be able to reply to those large, cistion, and then we will be able to reply to tasse saving.

aristocratic journals who want us to work for nothing.
In fact, the way it is now, I may say we make nothing selling these papers, and we do not care whether we sell them or not. Yours respectfully.

WILLIAM SPECKMAN,

WILLIAM SPECKMAN,
Newsdealer, Astor-place and Speckman,
Yes-York, Sept. 26, 1883. JUST TOWARD THE DEALERS.

Editor of The Tribune.

Sir: As an old newsdealer I have been coniderably exercised over the recent reduction in the price of The Pimes and your valuable paper. Every one with whom I have talked in the trade seems to think that The Talbune's action has been just toward us; and I am sure we are trying as hard as we can to show our

appreciation of this fairness. The Times leaves us no profit at all. Yours respectfully.

L. Loos,
No. 124 Clinton-place, near Sixth-ave.
New-York, Sept. 24, 1883.

THE TRIBUNE BATES:

A BIG RETURN FOR THE MONEY. To the Editor of The Trebune. SIR: Thank you for your large reduction in subscription price, Grand, that people can have so wonderfully much for so very little. A. S. BASTIAN.
Livingston, N. J., Sept. 26, 1883.

THE SUNDAY TRIBUNE THE BEST. To the Editor of The Tribune. SIR: I think THE SUNDAY TRIBUNE the best weekly in this country. I do not see how it can be sold to post-office subscribers for \$1 50 a year. Washington, D. C., Sept. 25, 1883. A. G. RIDDLE.

GIVES UP THE TIMES. To the Editor of The Tribune. SIR: Enclosed please find check for THE DAILY TRIBUNE. We for acrly took The Times, but we cannot stand any such fraud as that any longer.

Belvidere, N. J.

J. G. S.

A "GALLANT OLD SHEET." To the Editor of The Tribune. Six: I am an old subscriber of your gallant old sheet. I have been trying to do without THE TRIBUNE for some time, but cannot do without it any longer. w. w. w.

Starke, Fla. THE BEST NEWSPAPER. To the Editor of The Tribune. SIR: I cheerfully accord praise to THE

TERRUNC as the best newspaper I have known since its first issue, and I might say in my life of four score years.

A. B. G. Years. Washington, D. C., Sept. 22, 1883. THE MOTTO OF THE TRIBUNE.

To The Editor of The Tribune.
Sin: The Tribune grows better with age and never was better than now. It is on the highest plane of journalism yet reached, and seems to have Excelsior for its motto. Continue to keep it clean and pure and you will not want for readers—and those of the best in the land.

Fabrus, N. Y.

CHEAP NEWSPAPERS.

A VETERAN NEWSDEALER'S VIEWS.

Resolved, That we will not serve The New York Times for iess than 18 cents a week at the residences of our patrons; and be it Resolved, To act in concert with any other association when may be or has been formed, having the same object in view, and to ached a committee of five to confer with the West-side acwadealers who will meet at Neilson Hai, No. 272 Weak Fourth-st. Thrusday evening.

After the resolution had been read John H. Dillon said that in view of the stand taken by Titz Thisuns, when it reduced its price, he wished to offer the following additional resolution:

Re if further Resolved, That we heartly thank The New York furnishs for the kind consideration it has shown to the trade in its reduction, and wend do all in our power to further the interest of that paper.

The resolution was carried unanimously. The charman read a communication from eighteen newsdealers in York vitle and Harlen, pledging themselves not to sell The Herald for less than 20 cents a week after October 1. A committee was appointed to see them and endeavor to induce them to begin the charge 3 cents from to-day. A committee constaining of Messrs, Dillon, Byrnes, Medana, Marito and speckman were appointed to visit the West-side newsdealers at their meeting this creating.

AN ENTHUSIASTIC MEETING UPTOWN.

REPUSING TO SELL THE BERALD FOR LESS THAN 3 CENTS—A VOTE OF THANES TO THE TRIBUNE.

AN ENTHUSIASTIC MEETING UPTOWN.

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AN ENTHUSIASTIC MEETING UPTOWN.

A bount 190 newsdealers, representing the district from fourth-ave, to the North River and from English to Fitty-ninth-st., met at the news agency of Joseph J. Goode, at Sixth-ave, and Thirty-fifth-st., last evening, to take action on their grid vances. The there of the prevances resoluting from the potential process of the process of the p

No; except that I think they are printed on a trifle thinner paper to an before. It is of as good quality as ever, two igh, and so the reduction in weight is ready an advantage to the realier. It makes the paper less cumber-some, more flexible and easier to iold and earry in the

quart rs of a cent wholesale; so outs 50,000 circulation The Tennune will receive just \$375 less than before. Two cents off The Times means a cent and a half off wholesace, or a loss of \$600 a day on its 40,000 circulation. But the circulation and consequent increase in advertising patronage will more than counterbalance these losses."

GOING TO WHERE IT BELONGS.

nowever, Mr. Griffing continued, until the price of the Sunday edition were known. As for the daily price, it would be better for the dealers to sell the paper at 3 cents, for even if there were a falling-oft of hall is the sales, it would be more profitable for the dealers than to sell at 2 cents. Several dealers announced that they had sold The Herald yesterday for 3 centa.

One dealer moved that no Heralds for the transient trade should be ordered for to-day. "Too late!" another exclaimed. "Let's have no Heralds at all!"

"What shall we do to-morrow!" some one then asked. "Sell The Herald for 3 cents," a dozen dealers repited Mr. Shiels then moved that the dealers should sell no more Heralds for least han 3 rents until otherwise desided on by the organization, and the motion was carried with enthulsam. The resolution was reduced to writing, and, by unanimous vote, members were called upon to affix their names to the agreement. This was done by affirmed, he fore the meeting adjourned. Committees of one were appointed for Brondway and for each avenue.

A committee of five, with power to act in effecting and instructed to draw up a statement of grievances and push hit in all the daily papers. The committee consists of Qobert Graut, Daniel Sullivan, Joseph Murphy, S. E. England and Alexander Bijotats.

It was announced that the Manhattan News Company would sell the Herald for 3 cents, on the elevated roads, and the announcement was received with cheers. Mr. Clarkin then said that it was "just and proper" that you for thanks should be given the publisher of The Tunning for the Division of the graphy. S. E. England and Alexander Bijotats.

The many for the dealers announced that the papers and publican papers as T e Sun and The Tunning for the hierard descount allowed the dealers. The publisher of The Tunning for the hierard descount allowed the dealers. The publisher of The Tunning for the hierard descount allowed the dealers. The publisher of The Tunning for the hierard descount allowed the dealers. The publishe of their going.

FREE-TRADE PAPERS UNPOPULAR.

FREE-TRADE PAPERS UNPOPULAR.

From The Cincinnati Daily Times-Star.

It is quite evident that the motive of The New-Fork times in reducing its price was not simply a generous impulse to allow the readers to share in the paper's prospecity. No doubt there were very important business considerations beaind the somewhat starting reduction. And of all the explanations yet offered the one which will be generally accepted is that The Tribush has been granually gaining ground in toe field occupied by The Times. It is more than probable that the latter journal's advocacy of free trade has seriously affected its circulation, and what The Times has lost on this account The Tribush, a strong protection paper, would naturally gain. The free trade idea is decidedly unpopular among the intelligent masses who are newspaper readers. In the manufacturing East, especially, the acrosy has never been less in favor with well-informed people than now.

SETTING A GOOD EXAMPLE. The great New-York TRIBUNE, the publishers announce, whi hereafter be sold at 3 comes a copy, the reduction being made on the theory that THE TRIBUNE and its readers are partners and are entitled to

salare in such good fortune as the reduced price of paper. The Tanansh has set an example which other great corporations might follow in the enhancement of the public worldre, and with better chance of reward in the next world. AN UNUSUAL FORM OF RIVALRY.

It is estimated that the cutting down in

It is estimated that the criting down in prices of New-rork papers is not endea yet. Several other dathes may meet the reduction of the Times and Trinuxe. This is a rater unusual shape to newspaper rivalry to take. Competition in the Journalistic field is usually in the direction of appealing to popular support by making the columns more interesting and more valuable than those of rivals. After all, that is the surest way of gaining and holding circulation. The average reader does not stop to consider whether the paper he likes best costs a cent more of a cent less than another.

PROMISES WHICH WILL BE KEPT. THE NEW-YORK TRIBUNE has dropped the price of its daily from four to three cents and promises to still keep the paper up to that admirable standard which made it the journal for so many readers.

REJOICING AT THE TRIBUNE'S PROSPERITY. THE NEW-YORK TRIBUNE has reduced its price to three cents per single copy, with a correspond-ing reduction in its yearly rates. The Tribunk has many friends in this county who will rejoice at the pros-perity which enables it to reduce its rates.

COSTUMES, HATS AND LACES IN PLENTY. The special display of millinery from Paris

and Berlin—dre's goods, fanny goods, siiks, laces, etc.— begun on Tuesday at Edward Ridley & Son's house, at Grand, Alien and Orchard sts., affords a variety for nearly all purses. In trimmed hats a new shape is the Princesse, made in velvet of "London smoke" color, trimmed with gray squirel's foot, and finished with steel cord.

A waiking hat, in velvet of elephant's breath and cord colors combined, is trimmed with a pigeon's head and wings, and squirrel's foot pin. A walking hat-the Beatrice-is of navy blue velvet, with two plumes of the same at each side and a gray wing in front. The Helena is a bat of golden brown corduror velvet with rolling rim and old gold plume. The Rembrandt is a hat worn sideways, trummed with small green birds and bird of paradise tail, and finished with gilt and black cord. Among the children's hats the Belvidere is of veivet plush with Ottoman ribbons, and loops of chenille for triming, faced with

pale blue satin and ruchings of lace. Another is the Soficur of white winds, baker grown, with loops of satis ribbon, and race trimmings of chentile braiding and ruching of Valenciennes lace.

In the cloak department is a combination suit of dammak velvet and merveilleux, with Langtry overdiess, François back, trimmed with cascades of chentile fringe, with puffed skirt of satin merveilleux, fastened with cords. An imported evening costume of white satin brecade, elaborately trimmed with Oriental lace and festoned with satin ribbon, attracts much attention; also a costume of terra cottasik, with Porsian waist and trimmings. A striking cloak is a Mother Hubbard, of sense skin plush, trimmed with pure otter, The Newmark ket, a brocaded velvet cloak trimmed with chenille fringe, is one of Worth's best, There is a fine display of velvet, plush, satin and silk costumes for misses and enidren, the cholocst of the season.

season.

In the cloaking department there are scalakin plushes in all the new designs of browns, grays, stripes and mixtures. In the glove department there is a full display of goods; also in the velvet and corset departments. In laces the display is large, real Spanish laces, including guipure, facurial, soutache and hand-run Spanish being prominent. There are Oriental and white laces, real malicae, duchesse, thread and Irish point by the yard and made up into the, searfs and flotus, and Duchess of Kent ruchings, a new style. There is a special display of artificial tropical plants in bouquets, leaves and jardimeres, and an elexant display of silk and plush sash ribbons, and fine ostrich tips and feathers.

WHY FEENEY TRIED TO KILL THE CONSUL.

HE HOPED TO PRODUCE SORROW IN DUBLIN CASTLE -EXAMINED BY A DOCTOR.

—EXAMINED BY A DOCTOR.

A pair of wild eyes gleamed through the iron lattice as a Tribune reporter approached the cell in the Tombs yesterday where James A Feeney, the would-be assassin of the British Consul, is confined. The eyes gleamed from under a low forehead, over which fell a miss of unkempt, straight black hair. Feeney opened the convervation by exclaiming frantically: "Peace, peace! Oh, give me peace! Here I am with not even a chair to sit on, or a blanket to cover me, and nothing but bread and water to eat."

"Why, there is a bed to sit on," said the reporter.

porter.
"Yes, I know." replied Feeney, suddenly becoming contemplative, "but there ain't any blanket."
"And that is soup, not water," continued the re-

Tes, Ikhow, replied reason, and that is soup, not water," continued the reporter.

"And that is soup, not water," continued the reporter.

"Soup! Well, if you call that soup"—

Then Feeney went on with the story of his wrongs and, except at intervals when he became excited, he spoke rationally enough. He said: "I was a coach-painter in Dublin, and worked honestly at my trade. I was also a member of of the Robert Emmet Brass Band, but I belonged to no secret organization. When the Castle was trying to get information after the Phoenix Park murders. I was arrested and thrown into prison. They tried ail ways to get me to give talse testimony, but I would not. I was kept for months in the jail in Chancery Lane, and then removed to Kilmainham prison. About the middle of March I was taken from prison in the night, carried to the North Wall and placed on board a vessel. She carried me to Circassia and brought to this country. I tried to make a living at my trade in Rochester, but Dublin Castle still bounded me and caused lying reports to be circulated to the effect that I had been imprisoned for robberty in Dublin. I resolved to go to Dublin Castle and kill the man who has persecuted me and who has preferred all the false evidence that hauged Brady and the others. I had letters to a gentleman in this city who, I thought, would get me my passage to Ireland. I could not get my passage, however, and yesterday while wilking in the Battery Park I saw the sign of the British Consulate. That made me wild with anger and I determined to shoot the Consul, for 'birds of a feather flock together,' and if I killed one of those fellows I knew that there would be sorrow in Dublin Castle."

Later Feeney was examined by Dr. Jackson, who ascertained that he was suffering from melancholia and extreme nervous debility. He is not fissale.

ascertained that he was suffering from melancholia and extreme nervous debility. He is not insane, strictly speaking, though it is probable that it will

SLIGHT DELAYS TO THE BRIDGE CARS.

SLIGHT DELAYS TO THE BRIDGE CARS.

The number of persons who rode in the Bridge cars on Thesday, the second day of their use, was 14,960. The receipts in New-York were \$364 and in Brooklyn \$384. Two delays occurred yesterday morning. The cars were started at 6 a.m.; hair an hour later one rolled back into the depot, the grip not holding. Later, a similar tong happened. The passengers were transferred to other cars. The reason of the failure was simple. The cable is gripped by two iron disks whose outer edges have a shell of wood, between which it runs. When the cars are set in motion the cable is thrown up to them by one lever, and they are moved closer to each other by another, until the cable is pressed closely between the wooden shells of the two disks, Naturally this has a tendency to wear out these shells of wood. A number of the grips, Colonel Paine said, had not been made as they should be. The journal on the New-York side still continues to have some amount of heat, and it has been suggested to Colonel Paine that the cause of the frietion is that the cable is too large and heavy for its uses.

NATIONAL HORSE SHOW ASSOCIATION

AMERICA.

All entries for the regular classes close October 1.

Entries for special prizes close October 9.

Colgate & Co.'s Cusamero Bouquet Follet Sons.-The noverty and ecoptional scrength of its packs as are the people for fascinations of this tax arions with the

Rady Rensy

SHEFFARD KNAFF & CO., Sixth ave. and 13th-st. Burnett's Coconine is the best hair dressing in the world and remains longest in effect.

sels Carpets. -Great sale. 500 places best

MARRIED.

GEER-POTTER-On Wednesday, September 26, at Grace Church, by the Rev. Henry C. Potter, D. D., WALTER GEER, of Chicago, to Mary, daughter of the Hon. Oriando B. Potter, of this city. Orlando R. Potter, of this city. KINGSBURY - LYON-At Short Hills, N. J. Wednesday, ceptember 2d, at the residence of the bride's father, by the Roy, T. S. Halcombe, Arthur E. Kingsbury, of Keene, N. H., to Arnie K., daughter of Sylvanus Lyon.

M., to Arms R., Mangater of Sylvan StryCorn, at the VAN SLYCK- wE THER. 3Y-In Hartford, Conn., at the South Congregational Charch, Soptemoer 20, by the Rev. E. D. Parker, Charles Wid Van Siyes, of Mandal, Dakota, and Carrie Jeweil, daughter of C. S. Weatherby, esq. woodruff-Dayton-at st. Andrew's Church, by the Rev. C. T. Woodruff, assisted by the Rev. Francis Loddel, rector of the parish, Action D. Woods of to Miss Euletta Cromwell, daugnter of Miln P. Dayton, all of this city.

etty.
WEEKS-JOESBURY-At St. Luka's Church, Catskill
September 26, by the Rev. W. H. Harrison, D. D., the dev
Ropert Weeks, of Utica, to Miss Amy Joesbury, of Catskill

All notices of marriages must be indorsed with fall name and address.

DIED.

CECIL—On Tuesday, September 23, at the residence of his grandfather, Francis Regulation, John R., Infant s.m. of George and Annie R. Cecil, Interment at Woodhawa.

It is respectfully requested that no flowers be sent.

MOFPAT—At Des Moines, Iowa, September 24, David H., Moflat, and 83 years.

Relatives and from are invited to attend the funeral services at Washingtonville, Orange Co., N. Y., Taursday morning at 11 o'clock.

MOSES—At Hackensack, N. J., on Monday, September 24, 1883, of heart disease. Agron Moses, aged 78 venus.

Funeral at the late residence on Thursday, at 10 o'clock a.m. Interment at Greenwood.

New York Riegnay will meet the remans at Eria Depot foot.

Fineral at his late residence on Philipsian, at 190 close a.m.,
Interment at Greenwood.

New-York friends will meet the remains at Erio Denot foot
Warrenest, at 1:50 p. m., where carriages will be in waiting.

Rick Eric—Very suddenly, sunday morning, September 23,
at the Mansion House, Potand Spring, ars. J. W. Ricker,
aged 65 years.

Funeral services were held at the Poland Spring House,

September 25.

WOODWARD - At Menlo Park, N. J., on Wednesday morning, september 25, 1853. Appleton A. Woodward, in the 67th year of his are.

1 p. m.

Interment at Mystic Bridge, Conn., on Saturday.

WILLIAMSON - On September 25, 1833, at Mila Semicary.

Alameda Co., Ca., Marga-et Williamson, aged 70 years, widow of the late James Williamson, of New York.

Special Nonces.

Attend the great sale of sealskin sacques, dolmans and furthed gaments at ... C. hayne's wholesde far mana-factory. Goods with be sold for inity days at retail at low-est cash wholesale prices. 103 Princest. The NEW-ENGLAND GRANTES WARES, HARdock Char Quarries and Workships, Washerly, & L. Fino mona negativate disting works from the analysis of the contest of th

an eight-nage poper of the largest class, and much the most widely circulated Baptist newspaperin the world, has reduced its price to TWO DOLLARS A YEAR, IN ADVANCE. Address Sox 3,661, New-York.

Post Office Notice.

Post Office Notice.

Foreign mails for the week on that Soptember 23 will shall at this office as follows.

THURSDAY—At 11 s. m. for Europe, per Sa. Republic via Queenstown (introvator Germany and France must be directed "per Republic") at 11 s. m. for Germany. France, &c., per Sa. Frisia via Plymouth, Cherbourg and Handburg, felters for Great Britain and other European countries must be directed "Dir Frish" [1 st 1:50 p. m. for Cuba, Porto Rico and Mexico, per Sa. City of Paubla, via Havana.

PRIDAY—At 10 s. m. for Windward Islands and St. Thomas, per Sa. Albandura.

PRIDAY—At 10 a. m. for Windward Islands and St. Thomas, ber Ss. Athanura.

5. ATURDAY—At 11 a. m. for Germany, &c., per Ss. Main, yia southampton and Bromen: (letters for Great Britain and other Luropean countries must be directed "per Main" navit into carropa, per Ss. City of Chester, via Queens suntago, via Havana, at 1:30 p. m. for socilaral direct, per Ss. Circassia, via Glasgow; at 1:30 p. m. for socilaral direct, per Ss. Circassia, via Glasgow; at 1:30 p. m. for Socilaral direct, per Ss. Rhyniand, via Anawerp. SUNDAY At 7:30 p. m. for stomators and tavingston, per Ss. Luoy P. Miller, via New-Oricans.

Mais for China and Japaa, per Ss. Coptle, via San Francisco, close here the cholered at 7 p. m. Mails for Anstralia, New-Zesiand, Sandwich and Fill Islands, per Ss. Zoalanda, via San Francisco, close here October "13 at 7 p. m.

*The schedule of closing of trans-Pacific mails is arranged on the presumption of their uninterrupted overland transit to san Francisco. Mails from the East arriving ON TIME as San Francisco on the day of salling of steamers are discatored thence the same day.